



BØRNE- OG
UNDERVISNINGSMINISTERIET
STYRELSEN FOR
UNDERVISNING OG KVALITET

Engelsk FP9

Folkeskolens prøver

Teksthæfte

Læsefærdigheder

Torsdag den 8. december 2022
Kl. 9.00-10.00

Reading Comprehension

Section 9

Choose a heading for each paragraph and write the letters on the lines. There are more headings than you will need. There is an example at the beginning.

CANADA

9.0 D

Canada covers 9.98 million square kilometres, which makes it the world's second largest country. With more lakes than the rest of the world combined, the longest coastline, volcanoes, deserts, cliffs and glaciers, Canadian landscapes are truly remarkable. Most of the country is untouched by human development, which gives wildlife favourable conditions in its own natural territory and makes Canada perfect for adventurers and nature lovers.

9.1 ____

For thousands of years, native peoples inhabited the country. Some lived off the land, hunting and raising crops. The Sioux, however, were nomadic and followed the buffalo herds, and the Inuit lived off Arctic wildlife. The different aboriginal groups competed for land, resources and prestige. The arrival of the European colonists changed the native ways of life forever. The indigenous peoples were named Indians because the first explorers thought they had landed in India.

9.2 ____

European exploration of North America began in the 1500s, when British and French expeditions sailed across the Atlantic Ocean and settled along the Atlantic coast. By the 1550s, the name Canada began appearing on maps. As a consequence of English colonies eventually becoming richer and more popular than the French, France left North America in 1763. However, it was not until 1867 that the Republic of Canada became independent.

9.3 ____

There are over 30 different languages spoken by aboriginal people in Canada, but many of these languages are in decline. Several of the native peoples have lost their languages, and English is today the most commonly spoken language. Anishinaabe and Cree are, however, still spoken by 150,000 speakers. The country has two official languages: English and French. Two of Canada's territories also give official status to native languages.

9.4 ____

Whenever you see the maple leaf, Canada comes to mind. The maple tree is very important to Canadians and closely tied to, for example, the country's flag, sports teams' emblems and coats of arms. But why a maple leaf? For years, the indigenous peoples used maple sap as a very important product in their basic food, and as early as 1700, it was seen as a Canadian icon. Today, the maple tree continues to be essential to Canada as it provides three-quarters of the world's maple syrup production.

9.5 ____

Officially, Canada has two state sports: lacrosse for summer and ice hockey for winter. Lacrosse has developed from the early aboriginal game baggataway, originally played by the Ojimwa people to train young warriors for battle. Ice hockey is now incredibly popular and played year-round by all age groups at every level. For years, Canada has dominated ice hockey at the Winter Olympics.

9.6 ____

There are certain people you might know who are Canadian, like Avril Lavigne, Justin Bieber, The Weeknd and Drake, just to mention a few. Before Drake became a famed rap artist, he starred as a child actor in "Degrassi: The Next Generation." Canada is the home country to many successful entertainers but, since the United States is the home base of the entertainment industry, many Canadians typically move over the border to Los Angeles or New York to get their career going.

Read the text "Canada" in Teksthæfte, choose a heading for each paragraph (1-6) and write the correct letter in the space provided.

There are more headings than you will need. There is an example at the beginning.

CANADA

A. MANY NATIVE TONGUES

B. FAVOURITE STARS

C. NORTHERN WILDLIFE

D. SPECTACULAR HABITAT

E. HARD-WON BATTLES

F. NATIONAL PASTIME

G. NEWFOUND SETTLEMENTS

H. SIGNIFICANT SYMBOL

I. FIRST NATIONS

Reading Comprehension

Section 10

Read the text "Go Bananas" in Teksthæfte.

Some sentences have been removed from the text.

Choose the one which fits the gap from sentences A-J.

There are more sentences than you will need.

There is an example at the beginning.

Go Bananas

The banana is the superstar of the fruit world: **10.0 A**. You can pop it in your bag as a handy snack or use it as a part of other dishes and desserts. Almost everybody likes bananas. **10.1** _____

Bananas are a staple food throughout much of the tropics, with the flower and stems, as well as the fruit, also being eaten in some regions. Bananas are also important in terms of financial value. **10.2** _____

Over and above this, the plants have many other uses besides eating, for example in drinks. **10.3** _____
Fresh banana leaves are used for wrapping and serving food. Dried leaves can be written on and fibres can be used for mats, rope and clothing. **10.4** _____

So where did this strange fruit come from? **10.5** _____ The tasty fruit we know today was once almost inedible. The original banana can still be found growing in the rainforests of southeast Asia, but is very different to that we eat today: it is short and squat with hard, bitter, pea-sized seeds. **10.6** _____

Thousands of years ago people may have had little choice. Or perhaps they valued the first bananas for their uses more than their nutritional value as a food source. Through cultivation and during the course of many centuries, many peoples developed the farming of a tastier banana. **10.7** _____ from a seeded wild banana to a seedless edible one: the yellow-skinned Cavendish banana, which is so popular in Western countries today.

Read the text "Go Bananas" in Teksthæfte.
Some sentences have been removed from the text.
Choose the one which fits the gap from sentences A-J.
There are more sentences than you will need.
There is an example at the beginning.

Go Bananas

- | | |
|----|---|
| A. | Delicious, nutritious, nicely packaged and ready to eat. |
| B. | In Japan, kimonos have long been made from banana fibres. |
| C. | It went through a transition, |
| D. | They are the fourth most important food crop in the world, after rice, wheat and maize. |
| E. | Only matched by the oranges, |
| F. | Its origins can be traced back to the Indian Ocean and tropical Pacific. |
| G. | Even children who dislike other fruits will happily eat a banana. |
| H. | Harvesting was prevented by tropical diseases in many areas. |
| I. | Not at all like the taste we are accustomed to. |
| J. | The fruits are used to brew beer in eastern Africa. |

Reading Comprehension

Section 11

Put x in the right box.

Travel Vlogging: The New Global Exploration?

1 From time to time, the news reminds us of the adventurous men and women who have explored the world over the last many centuries. The Vikings reached North America
5 more than 1000 years ago. The year 2020 marked the 250th anniversary of Captain James Cook's arrival at Botany Bay in Australia in 1770. These explorers and many more have contributed to our understanding of our life on
10 Earth and our fascination to learn more about it.

The explorers met so-far uncontacted populations, discovered new species of animals, or tested their physical endurance at the tops of mountains and depths of oceans.

15 And we might be forgiven for asking ourselves: What is there left to explore? Is there anything "new" to be found? Yes, of course there is.

Enter the travel vlogger! Travel vloggers are a (growing) group of people, mostly young, who
20 film their trips and publish their experiences online. They hope that other travel enthusiasts will see their videos on YouTube or other social media and perhaps feel inspired to do something similar.

25 Most travel vloggers are individual young people or couples who do not have enough money for big expeditions or perhaps even for expensive plane tickets to exotic corners of the world. They don't necessarily visit new places,
30 but they communicate about their travels in new ways. Modern filming and editing technology has brought the relevant equipment within financial reach and has given ordinary young people a voice. They communicate
35 about their travel experiences in immediate and personal ways that many can identify with. Some give advice and suggestions for travel, others use their journeys as an opportunity to share their philosophy of life and reflect on life
40 and society.

The most successful travel vloggers can earn a lot of money from advertisements on their videos and some of them end up travelling full time. Their way of life is very different from that
45 experienced on the expeditions of past decades and centuries, but perhaps we can regard these vloggers as the global explorers of the 21st century. What do YOU think?

Reading Comprehension

Section 11

Read the text "Travel Vlogging: The New Global Exploration?" in Teksthæfte.

Put x in the right box.

11.1 Many explorers of the past

- have been completely forgotten.
- are criticised in the modern media.
- have taught us about ourselves.

11.2 The text claims that

- past explorers have achieved great things.
- explorers do not have physical endurance.
- every part of the world has been explored.

11.3 According to the text, travel vloggers are part of a group that

- is currently increasing in numbers.
- represents all age-groups equally.
- wants to improve their own world.

11.4 Travel vloggers

- always travel to spectacular, far-away places.
- don't usually have access to much technology.
- communicate differently than earlier explorers.

11.5 According to the writer,

- all travel vloggers receive fees for advertising.
- some travel vloggers are always on the road.
- no vloggers reach the level of previous explorers.

11.6 "contributed" in line 9 means

- added
- challenged
- confused

11.7 "ordinary" in line 33 means

- promising
- timid
- normal

11.8 "regard" in line 47 means

- deny
- consider
- tease

